### Bureau of Land Management, Interior

guardian as the record title holders of the permit or lease. They must send us:

- (1) A certified copy of the will or decree of distribution, and if no will or decree exists, a statement signed by the heirs that they are the only heirs and citing the provisions of the law of the deceased's last domicile showing that no probate is required; and
- (2) A statement signed by each of the heirs or devisees with reference to citizenship and holdings similar to that required by §3502.27 of this part. If the heir or devisee is a minor, the guardian or trustee must sign the statement.
- (b) If probate is required but has not been completed, BLM will issue the permit or lease to the executor or administrator of the estate. BLM considers the executor or administrator as the record title holder of the permit or lease. He or she must send:
- (1) Evidence that the person who, as executor or administrator, submits lease and bond forms has authority to act in that capacity and to sign those forms;
- (2) Evidence that the heirs or devisees are the only heirs or devisees of the deceased; and
- (3) A statement signed by each heir or devisee concerning citizenship and holdings, as required by §3502.27 of this part.

# § 3502.41 What happens to a permit or lease if the permittee or lessee dies?

If the permittee or lessee dies, BLM will recognize as the record title holder of the permit or lease:

- (a) The executor or administrator of the estate, if probate is required but has not been completed and they have filed the evidence required by §3502.40(b) of this part; or
- (b) The heirs or devisees, if probate has been completed or is not required, if they have filed evidence required by  $\S 3502.40(a)$  of this part.

# § 3502.42 What happens if the heir is not qualified?

We will allow unqualified heirs to hold ownership in a lease or permit for up to two years. During that period, the heir must either become qualified or divest himself or herself of the interest.

## Subpart 3503—Areas Available for Leasing

AVAILABLE AREAS UNDER BLM MANAGEMENT

## § 3503.10 Are all Federal lands available for leasing under this part?

No. The Secretary of the Interior may not lease lands on any of the following Federal areas:

- (a) Land recommended for wilderness allocation by the surface managing agency;
- (b) Lands within BLM wilderness study areas;
- (c) Lands designated by Congress as wilderness areas: and
- (d) Lands within areas allocated for wilderness or further planning in Executive Communication 1504, Ninety-Sixth Congress (House Document Number 96–119), unless such lands are allocated to uses other than wilderness by a land and resource management plan or have been released to uses other than wilderness by an act of Congress.

# § 3503.11 Are there any other areas in which I cannot get a permit or lease for the minerals covered by this part?

Prospecting permits and leases for solid leasable and hardrock minerals are not available under this part for:

- (a) Lands within the boundaries of any unit of the National Park System, except as expressly authorized by law;
- (b) Lands within Indian Reservations, except the Uintah and Ouray Indian Reservation, Hillcreek Extension, State of Utah;
- (c) Lands within incorporated cities, towns and villages;
- (d) Lands within the National Petroleum Reserve-Alaska, oil shale reserves and national petroleum reserves;
- (e) Lands acquired by the United States for development of helium, fissionable material deposits or other minerals essential to the defense of the country, except leasable minerals;
- (f) Lands acquired by foreclosure or otherwise for resale;
- (g) Acquired lands reported as surplus under the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 471 *et seq.*);

#### § 3503.12

- (h) Any tidelands or submerged coastal lands within the continental shelf adjacent or littoral to any part of lands within the jurisdiction of the United States;
- (i) Lands within the Grand Staircase-Escalante National Monument;
- (j) Lands adjacent to or within Searles Lake, California, which are not available for potassium prospecting permits (BLM will lease potassium in this area by competitive bidding); and
- (k) Any other lands withdrawn from mineral leasing.

## § 3503.12 For what areas may I receive a sulphur permit or lease?

You may get a sulphur permit or lease for public domain lands in the States of Louisiana and New Mexico or for Federal acquired lands nationwide, subject to the exceptions listed in §§ 3503.10 and 3503.11 of this part.

## § 3503.13 For what areas may I receive a hardrock mineral permit or lease?

Subject to the consent of the surface managing agency, you may obtain hardrock mineral permits and leases only in the following areas:

- (a) Lands identified in Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1946, for which jurisdiction for mineral leasing was transferred to the Secretary of the Interior. These include lands originally acquired under the following acts:
  - (1) 16 U.S.C. 520 (Weeks Act);
- (2) Title II of the National Industrial Recovery Act (40 U.S.C. 401, 403a and 408):
- (3) The 1935 Emergency Relief Appropriation Act (48 Stat. 115 and 118);
- (4) Section 55 of Title I of the Act of August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 750 and 781); and
- (5) The Act of July 22, 1937 (7 U.S.C. 1011 (c) and 1018 (repealed), Bankhead-Jones Act).
- (b) Lands added to the Shasta National Forest by Act of March 19, 1948 (62 Stat. 83):
- (c) Public Domain Lands within the National Forests in Minnesota (16 U.S.C. 508 (b));
- (d) Lands in New Mexico that are portions of Juan Jose Lobato Grant (North Lobato) and Anton Chica Grant

- (El Pueblo) as described in section 1 of the Act of June 28, 1952 (66 Stat. 285);
- (e) Lands in the Shasta and Trinity Units of the Whiskeytown-Shasta-Trinity National Recreation Areas;
- (f) The following National Park Lands:
- (1) Lake Mead National Recreation Area:
- (2) Glen Canyon National Recreation Area; and
- (3) Lands in the Whiskeytown Unit of the Whiskeytown-Shasta-Trinity National Recreation Area;
- (g) Lands patented to the State of California for park or other purposes where minerals were reserved to the United States; and
- (h) White Mountains National Recreation Area. Alaska.

# § 3503.14 For what areas may I get a permit or lease for asphalt?

You may get leases for asphalt only on certain Federal lands in Oklahoma identified by law. See 32 Stat. 654 (1902) and 58 Stat. 483 (1944). You may not obtain prospecting permits for asphalt.

#### § 3503.15 May I lease the gold or silver reserved to the United States on land I hold under a private land claim in New Mexico?

If you hold the remaining record title interest or operating rights interest in confirmed private land grants in New Mexico, you may obtain a lease for gold and silver reserved to the United States. See parts 3580 and 3581 of this chapter for leasing requirements.

#### § 3503.16 May I obtain permits or leases for sand and gravel in Nevada under the terms of this part?

You may not get new leases or permits under these regulations; BLM will consider any new applications for sand and gravel under the regulations at part 3600 of this chapter. Also, beginning January 1, 2000, BLM will not renew any existing sand and gravel lease for certain lands the United States received under an exchange with the State of Nevada.